



Precautions to ensure safe usage

The precautions given below are intended to ensure safe and correct use of the products.
Note that certain restrictions apply to use of these products. Failure to observe these could result in injury or property damage.

 Warning	A potentially hazardous situation which could result in death or serious injury.
 Caution	A dangerous situation which could result in minor or medium injury and/or in which only property damage is foreseen.

 **Warning** TOYOX products have been developed and manufactured for general industrial applications.

For applications that require safety, confirm in advance.

Never use for implant or injection application or other applications where there is a possibility of the product partially remaining in the body.


Toyox makes no guarantee of the adaptability or safeness related to such applications.

Please read the Handling Precautions carefully before use.

Note: See the terminology glosses on our website for words marked with a ※.

TOYORING-F Hose

① Notes for using the hoses

1. The hose can be used for water, drinking water, foods, air, chemicals, and powder. ※Do not use for fuel oil (heavy oil, kerosene (light oil), kerosene (lamp oil), gasoline) or solvents.
2. Liquid left inside hoses may be affected by a plastic smell, making them unsuitable for use. Always check beforehand.
3. Clean the inside of the hose before using it to transport drinking water or food. (Clean the hose with hot water (80°C or below) for 30 minutes or less at 0.1 MPa pressure or less.)
4. Use the hose within the range of -5 ~ 70°C. Depressurization deformation temperature is the temperature at which the hose deforms when its interior (in a straight condition) is depressurized to -0.1 MPa (-760 mmHg). It is not the hose's use limit temperature.
5. Use the products within their working pressure range. ※ -0.1 MPa is an approximate value. With certain applications and conditions (temperatures and movements), negative pressure cannot be used. Refer to the "Use condition reference values for TOYOX vacuum hoses" (Terms explained, Fig. 1) regarding guidelines for negative pressure use ranges.
6. Please note that compounding agents such as ※² plasticizers could be extracted / eluted from the hose depending on use conditions. Please confirm the use conditions and the effects on your products before use.
7. Use hoses at bend angles larger than their ※³ minimum bending radius. Angles smaller than the minimum bending radius may result in hose overbending or lower pressure resistance.
8.  **Warning** Do not allow anything other than the inner surface of the couplings or hose to come in contact with fluids (food, etc.), because the fluids may permeate the hose reinforcement layer or remain inside the couplings, and bacteria may propagate (attach to the parts) or the hose may deteriorate. Also, dust, hose fragments (reinforcement material) and ink adhering to the outer surface may be mixed in.
9. Powders and granular materials may cause wear. Use a hose with as large a bending radius as possible.
10. Keep the hose away from open flame.
11. The life of hoses will be greatly affected by the physical properties, temperature, and flow rates of the fluid as well as by the frequency of pressurization and depressurization. If any of the following problems or similar signs are found in the pre-work or regular inspections, immediately cease use and replace the hose.
 - Abnormalities near the fitting: Localized stretching, bending, leakage, bulging, or shallow insertion into the nipple
 - External damage: Large scratches in the outer surface, cracking, or water infiltrating the reinforcement layer
 - Internal abnormalities: Bulging or ※⁵ separation of the inner surface, or wear that leads to exposure of the hose reinforcement material.
Note: In the case of abnormalities on the interior or exterior surface, hose scrapings and fragments of hose reinforcing materials may mix into the fluid inside the hose.
 - Other abnormal changes (stiffening, ※⁶ swelling, cracking, bulging, discoloration of the reinforcement layer, etc.)

② Notes for storage

1. Do not store outdoors or in a place subject to direct sunlight. This may cause the quality of the hose surface to deteriorate, becoming sticky and/or susceptible to cracking. Store in a low-humidity, well-ventilated place. Store keeping the inside of the hose free from foreign matter and dust.
2. Do not store where the hose will make contact with other PVC products or near rubber products.

③ Notes for disposal

1. Do not incinerate the hose. The incineration may generate toxic gases or damage incinerators; therefore, the hose should be treated as industrial waste for disposal purposes.
2. The hose should be disposed of in accordance with the requirements of the local region.

④ Notes for assembly

1. Use hose nipples suitable for the size of the hose. Do not use hose nipples with damaged or rusted surfaces.
2. Take sufficient care when cutting hoses, as the edge of the reinforcement coil may cause injury.
3. Tightly fastening hose with wire may damage the inner or exterior surface of the hose and cause it to rupture.
4. Retighten the hose clamp as necessary. Deformation of the plastic hose clamp fastening can cause fluid leakage and hose disconnection.
5. Do not use one-push fittings. Hose may rupture.
6. The compression strength indicated in this brochure is based on data which was obtained from pressure tests conducted by Toyox using the hoses alone by its own testing method. The hose may be dislocated before the hose ruptures, or another problem may occur depending on the conditions of the fittings being set (the shapes of hose nipples, types of hose clamps, number of hose clamps, fastening torque and how they are crimped). Therefore, please select a safe, effective method for mounting fittings to the hoses. For technological information on using fittings, please make inquiries through our Customer Advice Center.